



1  
00:00:05,590 --> 00:00:03,429  
hey everybody this is dan hewitt here in

2  
00:00:06,950 --> 00:00:05,600  
mission control houston i'm joined by dr

3  
00:00:09,509 --> 00:00:06,960  
tara rutley

4  
00:00:11,190 --> 00:00:09,519  
and uh this this is mission control

5  
00:00:12,950 --> 00:00:11,200  
you're joining us here now

6  
00:00:14,150 --> 00:00:12,960  
this is where we fly the international

7  
00:00:15,990 --> 00:00:14,160  
space station this is where all the

8  
00:00:17,590 --> 00:00:16,000  
flight controllers are monitoring

9  
00:00:19,269 --> 00:00:17,600  
everything that's going on on board as

10  
00:00:21,349 --> 00:00:19,279  
our astronauts are hard at work on

11  
00:00:24,070 --> 00:00:21,359  
maintenance and experiments and all

12  
00:00:26,630 --> 00:00:24,080  
kinds of things while they're flying 17

13  
00:00:27,830 --> 00:00:26,640

500 miles an hour so welcome inside of

14

00:00:29,830 --> 00:00:27,840

mission control it's really great to

15

00:00:31,669 --> 00:00:29,840

have everybody here

16

00:00:33,190 --> 00:00:31,679

tara and i are really excited to take

17

00:00:38,069 --> 00:00:33,200

some of your questions so why don't we

18

00:00:41,750 --> 00:00:39,430

thank you

19

00:00:43,670 --> 00:00:41,760

did you want to take our questions now

20

00:00:45,830 --> 00:00:43,680

yeah we would love to take any questions

21

00:00:48,630 --> 00:00:45,840

you guys have right now

22

00:00:51,350 --> 00:00:48,640

okay so you did not want to brief us on

23

00:00:53,350 --> 00:00:51,360

anything right now we have time we have

24

00:00:55,270 --> 00:00:53,360

lots of questions so

25

00:00:56,869 --> 00:00:55,280

that's what you're telling us to do yep

26  
00:00:58,470 --> 00:00:56,879  
you got lots of questions we want to get

27  
00:01:02,069 --> 00:00:58,480  
them all

28  
00:01:06,390 --> 00:01:04,310  
hello my name is sebastian b switzer

29  
00:01:07,990 --> 00:01:06,400  
thank you for taking my question what

30  
00:01:10,390 --> 00:01:08,000  
types of science experiments are the

31  
00:01:12,230 --> 00:01:10,400  
astronauts working on in space

32  
00:01:13,990 --> 00:01:12,240  
ah very good question that's the best

33  
00:01:16,710 --> 00:01:14,000  
question because that's what i really

34  
00:01:19,030 --> 00:01:16,720  
love to talk about the most um right now

35  
00:01:21,270 --> 00:01:19,040  
they're on space station right and they

36  
00:01:22,710 --> 00:01:21,280  
do all kinds of science experiments if

37  
00:01:24,550 --> 00:01:22,720  
you can think about

38  
00:01:26,230 --> 00:01:24,560

if you've ever participated in a science

39

00:01:27,109 --> 00:01:26,240

fair and you've done your science

40

00:01:29,350 --> 00:01:27,119

project

41

00:01:31,190 --> 00:01:29,360

imagine what might happen if you take

42

00:01:34,950 --> 00:01:31,200

gravity out of everything that you've

43

00:01:36,950 --> 00:01:34,960

done so imagine creating any kind of

44

00:01:38,630 --> 00:01:36,960

experiment that you could do here on

45

00:01:40,950 --> 00:01:38,640

earth but what would happen when you

46

00:01:43,109 --> 00:01:40,960

take gravity away and so more fun

47

00:01:44,789 --> 00:01:43,119

problems would be a lot more fun

48

00:01:46,469 --> 00:01:44,799

would be much more fun than what i did

49

00:01:49,270 --> 00:01:46,479

as a as a student in my science fair

50

00:01:50,870 --> 00:01:49,280

days but um so what they do and and the

51  
00:01:53,590 --> 00:01:50,880  
number one coolest thing i think that

52  
00:01:55,830 --> 00:01:53,600  
they work on is the human research they

53  
00:01:58,149 --> 00:01:55,840  
they test their own bodies uh for

54  
00:02:00,230 --> 00:01:58,159  
changes that occur in microgravity or as

55  
00:02:01,749 --> 00:02:00,240  
a result of staying in space

56  
00:02:03,670 --> 00:02:01,759  
where things are just different there's

57  
00:02:05,270 --> 00:02:03,680  
no gravity if you think about how our

58  
00:02:07,590 --> 00:02:05,280  
body is designed

59  
00:02:09,589 --> 00:02:07,600  
we have bones and muscles for a reason

60  
00:02:11,510 --> 00:02:09,599  
that's to to keep us upright against

61  
00:02:13,190 --> 00:02:11,520  
that gravity vector on earth but when

62  
00:02:15,430 --> 00:02:13,200  
you get out into space you don't have

63  
00:02:17,430 --> 00:02:15,440

that gravity vector anymore so what

64

00:02:19,510 --> 00:02:17,440

they're finding is that our bones start

65

00:02:21,910 --> 00:02:19,520

to shrink i mean i'm sorry our bones

66

00:02:22,869 --> 00:02:21,920

start to get weaker our muscles start to

67

00:02:25,110 --> 00:02:22,879

shrink

68

00:02:26,309 --> 00:02:25,120

and so um that's just that's just one

69

00:02:29,110 --> 00:02:26,319

example of some of the changes that

70

00:02:30,790 --> 00:02:29,120

happen in the body but our heart changes

71

00:02:31,830 --> 00:02:30,800

size because it's pumping fluids

72

00:02:33,990 --> 00:02:31,840

differently

73

00:02:35,830 --> 00:02:34,000

so any system in the human body you can

74

00:02:37,190 --> 00:02:35,840

think of they're doing experiments to

75

00:02:39,910 --> 00:02:37,200

figure out what's going on with the

76

00:02:41,910 --> 00:02:39,920

changes in space not just human

77

00:02:44,630 --> 00:02:41,920

physiology though they're also doing

78

00:02:46,949 --> 00:02:44,640

some basic physics work looking at how

79

00:02:48,790 --> 00:02:46,959

fluid behaves differently without

80

00:02:50,869 --> 00:02:48,800

without the gravity vector you know the

81

00:02:53,350 --> 00:02:50,879

way that fluid behaves here on earth

82

00:02:55,110 --> 00:02:53,360

again that gravity vector drives a lot

83

00:02:56,949 --> 00:02:55,120

of how we drink out of a cup how we

84

00:02:58,630 --> 00:02:56,959

water our plants and how the plants will

85

00:03:00,869 --> 00:02:58,640

take up that water

86

00:03:03,270 --> 00:03:00,879

so it's different in space where we need

87

00:03:06,390 --> 00:03:03,280

water systems we need to understand how

88

00:03:09,350 --> 00:03:06,400

water behaves in space water tends to

89

00:03:10,710 --> 00:03:09,360

climb the walls of the of the containers

90

00:03:12,470 --> 00:03:10,720

that they're in and that's called

91

00:03:14,309 --> 00:03:12,480

capillary action and that happens on

92

00:03:15,110 --> 00:03:14,319

earth but in space it's much more

93

00:03:17,030 --> 00:03:15,120

pronounced because you don't have

94

00:03:18,470 --> 00:03:17,040

gravity pulling the liquid back down so

95

00:03:20,470 --> 00:03:18,480

we're trying to figure out

96

00:03:21,990 --> 00:03:20,480

what happens to the fluids and and it's

97

00:03:23,990 --> 00:03:22,000

important for when you're creating

98

00:03:26,630 --> 00:03:24,000

things like propellant

99

00:03:28,149 --> 00:03:26,640

and water recycling systems

100

00:03:30,070 --> 00:03:28,159

and anything that has to do with any

101  
00:03:31,190 --> 00:03:30,080  
kind of fluid in space and we learn much

102  
00:03:32,949 --> 00:03:31,200  
about how

103  
00:03:34,470 --> 00:03:32,959  
what happens in space we can apply it to

104  
00:03:36,309 --> 00:03:34,480  
earth and better ways to water our

105  
00:03:38,550 --> 00:03:36,319  
plants and things like that

106  
00:03:40,309 --> 00:03:38,560  
they also there's investigations that

107  
00:03:42,789 --> 00:03:40,319  
are looking and taking images of the

108  
00:03:46,789 --> 00:03:42,799  
earth and of the space sky to look at

109  
00:03:49,750 --> 00:03:48,149  
there are experiments that are looking

110  
00:03:52,470 --> 00:03:49,760  
at how

111  
00:03:54,309 --> 00:03:52,480  
bacteria and viruses behave because they

112  
00:03:56,390 --> 00:03:54,319  
behave very differently which has an

113  
00:03:58,630 --> 00:03:56,400

impact on our crew but it also tells us

114

00:04:01,750 --> 00:03:58,640

something about how they how the the

115

00:04:03,270 --> 00:04:01,760

bugs treat us here on earth as well so i

116

00:04:05,270 --> 00:04:03,280

think just about

117

00:04:06,789 --> 00:04:05,280

every kind of uh

118

00:04:08,229 --> 00:04:06,799

every kind of discipline you can think

119

00:04:10,390 --> 00:04:08,239

of if you have an interest in any kind

120

00:04:12,070 --> 00:04:10,400

of science or engineering you could

121

00:04:13,429 --> 00:04:12,080

probably come up with any kind of

122

00:04:15,110 --> 00:04:13,439

thoughtful experiment that they are

123

00:04:17,349 --> 00:04:15,120

probably covering on space station right

124

00:04:18,629 --> 00:04:17,359

now okay definitely tara's favorite

125

00:04:21,189 --> 00:04:18,639

question

126

00:04:23,350 --> 00:04:21,199

all right let's move on to the next one

127

00:04:25,670 --> 00:04:23,360

thank you so much could i get both of

128

00:04:27,510 --> 00:04:25,680

your names we have some media in here

129

00:04:29,749 --> 00:04:27,520

with us and we'd like to share your

130

00:04:32,629 --> 00:04:29,759

names with our media so could i get both

131

00:04:34,950 --> 00:04:32,639

of your names yeah sure i'm dan hewitt

132

00:04:39,909 --> 00:04:34,960

h-u-o-t

133

00:04:46,150 --> 00:04:42,710

oh and your name tara uh-huh there it is

134

00:04:47,909 --> 00:04:46,160

yeah on the screen r-u-t-t-l-e okay

135

00:04:50,310 --> 00:04:47,919

okay great

136

00:05:03,510 --> 00:04:50,320

there we go okay thank you so much yes

137

00:05:06,790 --> 00:05:05,189

hi my name is amarya mitchell thank you

138

00:05:08,390 --> 00:05:06,800

for taking my question

139

00:05:13,189 --> 00:05:08,400

are there plans to take other

140

00:05:16,629 --> 00:05:14,870

i didn't quite catch that question did

141

00:05:21,590 --> 00:05:16,639

you are they going to take what with

142

00:05:26,230 --> 00:05:23,350

you did it great you just need to do it

143

00:05:29,510 --> 00:05:28,070

are there plans to take other

144

00:05:32,070 --> 00:05:29,520

vertebrates

145

00:05:34,070 --> 00:05:32,080

when the astronauts

146

00:05:35,670 --> 00:05:34,080

with the astronauts when colonizing

147

00:05:37,430 --> 00:05:35,680

another planet

148

00:05:39,029 --> 00:05:37,440

oh are there plans to take other

149

00:05:41,189 --> 00:05:39,039

vertebrates when the astronauts go to

150

00:05:43,110 --> 00:05:41,199

colonize other planets uh you know what

151

00:05:44,710 --> 00:05:43,120

that's a really good question i think

152

00:05:47,029 --> 00:05:44,720

the only way to find out if that's

153

00:05:49,189 --> 00:05:47,039

really necessary or what we might learn

154

00:05:51,110 --> 00:05:49,199

from doing that is to try it out on the

155

00:05:52,390 --> 00:05:51,120

space station first we don't know a

156

00:05:53,990 --> 00:05:52,400

whole lot about

157

00:05:56,629 --> 00:05:54,000

how vertebrates

158

00:05:58,390 --> 00:05:56,639

function in space and so before we would

159

00:06:00,710 --> 00:05:58,400

take them or figure out how we would use

160

00:06:02,950 --> 00:06:00,720

them on a planet we'd want to figure out

161

00:06:04,309 --> 00:06:02,960

how they even behave and react in space

162

00:06:06,309 --> 00:06:04,319

first but that's a really good and

163

00:06:08,390 --> 00:06:06,319

thought thought provoking question and

164

00:06:10,150 --> 00:06:08,400

we have had a couple of different types

165

00:06:12,629 --> 00:06:10,160

of animals already on board the station

166

00:06:14,469 --> 00:06:12,639

we just had a couple of spiders return

167

00:06:16,550 --> 00:06:14,479

fairly recently from a trip on board the

168

00:06:18,870 --> 00:06:16,560

station and they were able to adapt to

169

00:06:21,189 --> 00:06:18,880

microgravity and spin webs and actually

170

00:06:22,629 --> 00:06:21,199

adapted really quite well once they were

171

00:06:24,469 --> 00:06:22,639

up there and actually we also have

172

00:06:27,110 --> 00:06:24,479

another experiment going on right now

173

00:06:29,830 --> 00:06:27,120

where we have a bunch of tiny fish in a

174

00:06:32,469 --> 00:06:29,840

very specialized aquatic habitat they're

175

00:06:33,590 --> 00:06:32,479

called madoka fish and they're up there

176  
00:06:35,670 --> 00:06:33,600  
to try and

177  
00:06:37,830 --> 00:06:35,680  
see any type of bone loss that they go

178  
00:06:39,909 --> 00:06:37,840  
through because you know fish aren't is

179  
00:06:42,070 --> 00:06:39,919  
constrained by gravity quite as much as

180  
00:06:44,710 --> 00:06:42,080  
you or i you and i are down here on

181  
00:06:46,870 --> 00:06:44,720  
earth so we have experience experimented

182  
00:06:49,510 --> 00:06:46,880  
with a couple of different types of

183  
00:06:51,510 --> 00:06:49,520  
specimens from the animal kingdom but

184  
00:06:53,830 --> 00:06:51,520  
as far as anything like taking

185  
00:06:55,909 --> 00:06:53,840  
uh you know a dog with us to mars or

186  
00:06:57,670 --> 00:06:55,919  
something that might that might be

187  
00:06:59,909 --> 00:06:57,680  
something we do in the very distant

188  
00:07:01,589 --> 00:06:59,919

future but right now we're really not

189

00:07:02,710 --> 00:07:01,599

sure all right

190

00:07:04,390 --> 00:07:02,720

all right great question though really

191

00:07:05,510 --> 00:07:04,400

cool

192

00:07:07,909 --> 00:07:05,520

thank you

193

00:07:10,710 --> 00:07:07,919

um i we were doing research the other

194

00:07:13,510 --> 00:07:10,720

day and um in one of the first space

195

00:07:16,309 --> 00:07:13,520

flights um you took a dog but i guess

196

00:07:18,629 --> 00:07:16,319

the dog did not survive and so that

197

00:07:20,390 --> 00:07:18,639

stimulated their curiosity about other

198

00:07:21,350 --> 00:07:20,400

vertebrates that's right they went

199

00:07:23,110 --> 00:07:21,360

before

200

00:07:25,029 --> 00:07:23,120

we did i think one of the first the

201  
00:07:26,629 --> 00:07:25,039  
first animal in space was a russian dog

202  
00:07:28,550 --> 00:07:26,639  
known as leica

203  
00:07:30,629 --> 00:07:28,560  
and i mean that was back when we were

204  
00:07:33,029 --> 00:07:30,639  
launching things and it was very very

205  
00:07:35,909 --> 00:07:33,039  
rudimentary and we weren't even sure

206  
00:07:37,430 --> 00:07:35,919  
if any bean could survive in space so

207  
00:07:41,670 --> 00:07:37,440  
that was one of the first experiments

208  
00:07:41,680 --> 00:07:47,270  
madeline hello my name

209  
00:07:51,990 --> 00:07:49,830  
what types of experiments do astronauts

210  
00:07:54,150 --> 00:07:52,000  
like to do the most

211  
00:07:55,909 --> 00:07:54,160  
i think the answer to that is whichever

212  
00:07:57,589 --> 00:07:55,919  
ones they get to put their hands on

213  
00:07:59,510 --> 00:07:57,599

which experiments do the astronauts like

214

00:08:01,670 --> 00:07:59,520

to do the most i think it

215

00:08:03,270 --> 00:08:01,680

most from when i talk to them it's just

216

00:08:06,629 --> 00:08:03,280

whichever ones they can participate in

217

00:08:09,029 --> 00:08:06,639

because um you know

218

00:08:11,670 --> 00:08:09,039

everybody has a drive for for for

219

00:08:13,510 --> 00:08:11,680

figuring things out that may not even be

220

00:08:15,749 --> 00:08:13,520

in their own area of interest so we may

221

00:08:18,070 --> 00:08:15,759

have a scientist who's up there who has

222

00:08:19,749 --> 00:08:18,080

a background in human physiology or the

223

00:08:21,270 --> 00:08:19,759

human body but

224

00:08:22,869 --> 00:08:21,280

how cool is it to be able to do flame

225

00:08:24,550 --> 00:08:22,879

experiments when flames behave

226

00:08:26,469 --> 00:08:24,560

differently in in the microgravity

227

00:08:28,869 --> 00:08:26,479

environment so it's my understanding i

228

00:08:30,150 --> 00:08:28,879

think anyone that they can they can do

229

00:08:32,070 --> 00:08:30,160

themselves

230

00:08:34,230 --> 00:08:32,080

because some of the experiments are um

231

00:08:36,070 --> 00:08:34,240

automated and not all have to be done by

232

00:08:38,149 --> 00:08:36,080

the astronauts but so they just like

233

00:08:40,310 --> 00:08:38,159

getting up there and doing doing any

234

00:08:42,469 --> 00:08:40,320

number of them

235

00:08:44,710 --> 00:08:42,479

very good questions we just

236

00:08:47,750 --> 00:08:44,720

thank you we just uh completed our

237

00:08:49,509 --> 00:08:47,760

biology unit so we were studying genetic

238

00:08:55,430 --> 00:08:49,519

modification i have a student with a

239

00:09:00,310 --> 00:08:57,670

hello my name is christian smith thank

240

00:09:02,630 --> 00:09:00,320

you for taking my question uh are you

241

00:09:05,350 --> 00:09:02,640

doing any research on genetically

242

00:09:07,269 --> 00:09:05,360

modified organisms in outer space

243

00:09:10,389 --> 00:09:07,279

yeah i think the coolest one that i can

244

00:09:12,790 --> 00:09:10,399

think of offhand is uh how bacteria

245

00:09:15,350 --> 00:09:12,800

behave differently in space that's a

246

00:09:16,870 --> 00:09:15,360

really good question um and and there

247

00:09:18,710 --> 00:09:16,880

are so many experiments on that but the

248

00:09:20,790 --> 00:09:18,720

one i like the most is bacteria and

249

00:09:22,949 --> 00:09:20,800

there's one that they have found

250

00:09:24,870 --> 00:09:22,959

that behaves much differently and it's

251

00:09:26,550 --> 00:09:24,880

one that you and i can relate to that

252

00:09:28,710 --> 00:09:26,560

makes you sick to your stomach if you've

253

00:09:31,110 --> 00:09:28,720

ever eaten some food that

254

00:09:32,949 --> 00:09:31,120

has made you sick the bacteria in that

255

00:09:34,870 --> 00:09:32,959

is called salmonella one of those could

256

00:09:37,269 --> 00:09:34,880

potentially be called salmonella and we

257

00:09:39,590 --> 00:09:37,279

found out that salmonella become more

258

00:09:41,910 --> 00:09:39,600

aggressive in space they just become

259

00:09:44,310 --> 00:09:41,920

nastier and and scientists wanted to

260

00:09:45,829 --> 00:09:44,320

find out why and so they they took the

261

00:09:47,750 --> 00:09:45,839

some samples back that have flown on

262

00:09:49,350 --> 00:09:47,760

space and and they looked at them here

263

00:09:52,550 --> 00:09:49,360

on the ground in their laboratories and

264

00:09:55,350 --> 00:09:52,560

they did find genetic modifications

265

00:09:57,910 --> 00:09:55,360

one particular gene that became much

266

00:10:00,949 --> 00:09:57,920

more what's called upregulated or much

267

00:10:04,150 --> 00:10:00,959

more active in affecting the behavior of

268

00:10:05,990 --> 00:10:04,160

those salmonella bacteria why that is

269

00:10:08,389 --> 00:10:06,000

it's still hard to say

270

00:10:10,630 --> 00:10:08,399

some of the scientists think that

271

00:10:13,430 --> 00:10:10,640

because salmonella like to live inside

272

00:10:15,750 --> 00:10:13,440

your intestines and your intestines are

273

00:10:17,670 --> 00:10:15,760

a low fluid shear environment or an

274

00:10:19,990 --> 00:10:17,680

environment that doesn't cause a lot of

275

00:10:22,470 --> 00:10:20,000

turbulence uh it's just like what they

276

00:10:24,389 --> 00:10:22,480

grew in microgravity where where fluid

277

00:10:26,230 --> 00:10:24,399

doesn't it's not turbulent it's also

278

00:10:28,230 --> 00:10:26,240

something called low shear so they think

279

00:10:29,990 --> 00:10:28,240

that the microgravity environment is

280

00:10:31,910 --> 00:10:30,000

similar to what is inside of your

281

00:10:34,230 --> 00:10:31,920

intestine and that's what makes these

282

00:10:35,030 --> 00:10:34,240

bacteria

283

00:10:37,190 --> 00:10:35,040

just

284

00:10:40,710 --> 00:10:37,200

upregulate that that one gene that makes

285

00:10:45,590 --> 00:10:43,750

okay that is fascinating thank you uh

286

00:10:47,750 --> 00:10:45,600

isha

287

00:10:49,910 --> 00:10:47,760

has a question um

288

00:10:52,710 --> 00:10:49,920

lately our research has been focused on

289

00:10:54,949 --> 00:10:52,720

the planet so we were wondering if isha

290

00:10:56,870 --> 00:10:54,959

came up with this question

291

00:10:59,269 --> 00:10:56,880

um hi my name is isha thank you for

292

00:11:01,110 --> 00:10:59,279

taking my question what are we learning

293

00:11:03,750 --> 00:11:01,120

on the space station that will help us

294

00:11:05,269 --> 00:11:03,760

understand the solar system

295

00:11:08,230 --> 00:11:05,279

awesome question

296

00:11:09,750 --> 00:11:08,240

we have a couple of external

297

00:11:11,350 --> 00:11:09,760

what we call payloads a couple of

298

00:11:13,750 --> 00:11:11,360

external pieces of hardware that are

299

00:11:15,590 --> 00:11:13,760

outside on the space station trust

300

00:11:17,670 --> 00:11:15,600

and they're scanning the skies for

301

00:11:18,949 --> 00:11:17,680

changes in cosmic

302

00:11:21,509 --> 00:11:18,959

patterns

303

00:11:24,230 --> 00:11:21,519

things like changes in x-ray sources

304

00:11:25,910 --> 00:11:24,240

that could potentially identify

305

00:11:27,829 --> 00:11:25,920

some events that we've not seen before

306

00:11:31,430 --> 00:11:27,839

for example there's one

307

00:11:34,230 --> 00:11:31,440

payload called maxi and it has it

308

00:11:35,990 --> 00:11:34,240

registered a signature change in the sky

309

00:11:37,350 --> 00:11:36,000

that said that showed for the first time

310

00:11:39,910 --> 00:11:37,360

ever

311

00:11:41,990 --> 00:11:39,920

that it was an indicator that a star had

312

00:11:43,990 --> 00:11:42,000

gotten too close to a black hole and the

313

00:11:46,630 --> 00:11:44,000

black hole started shredding the star

314

00:11:48,230 --> 00:11:46,640

and so the events the x-ray events that

315

00:11:50,710 --> 00:11:48,240

came from that

316

00:11:53,110 --> 00:11:50,720

were picked up and measured by this maxi

317

00:11:55,509 --> 00:11:53,120

payload and it was the first time ever

318

00:11:56,870 --> 00:11:55,519

that astrophysicists were able to see

319

00:11:58,550 --> 00:11:56,880

something like that actually happening

320

00:12:00,069 --> 00:11:58,560

because it always been thought about and

321

00:12:02,870 --> 00:12:00,079

they always thought it happened but we'd

322

00:12:04,470 --> 00:12:02,880

never seen it before so understanding

323

00:12:05,990 --> 00:12:04,480

what happens in our solar system

324

00:12:07,350 --> 00:12:06,000

especially when you're talking about a

325

00:12:10,230 --> 00:12:07,360

star that might orbit too close to a

326

00:12:11,910 --> 00:12:10,240

black hole says a lot about how we might

327

00:12:13,350 --> 00:12:11,920

venture out further

328

00:12:20,230 --> 00:12:13,360

there's also

329

00:12:22,389 --> 00:12:20,240

that is doing an investigation

330

00:12:23,590 --> 00:12:22,399

called geoflow and they take the

331

00:12:24,949 --> 00:12:23,600

components of what they thought the

332

00:12:27,110 --> 00:12:24,959

earth might have

333

00:12:28,870 --> 00:12:27,120

been made of in the very beginning and

334

00:12:32,150 --> 00:12:28,880

they put it inside of this chamber

335

00:12:34,150 --> 00:12:32,160

that's a fluid a fluid chamber and

336

00:12:35,829 --> 00:12:34,160

basically recreate the events of how we

337

00:12:37,350 --> 00:12:35,839

thought the earth might have been formed

338

00:12:39,110 --> 00:12:37,360

and the way the reason it's done on the

339

00:12:41,350 --> 00:12:39,120

space station is because it's

340

00:12:42,870 --> 00:12:41,360

microgravity it's it's missing that

341

00:12:44,150 --> 00:12:42,880

earth's gravity and that's a critical

342

00:12:47,110 --> 00:12:44,160

part of how the earth would have been

343

00:12:49,030 --> 00:12:47,120

formed and so this is called geoflow and

344

00:12:51,030 --> 00:12:49,040

it's uh being done by our european

345

00:12:52,710 --> 00:12:51,040

partners and so when the information

346

00:12:54,150 --> 00:12:52,720

comes back from that that'll advance our

347

00:12:56,389 --> 00:12:54,160

knowledge of how our own planet was

348

00:12:58,389 --> 00:12:56,399

formed and give us even further insights

349

00:13:01,269 --> 00:12:58,399

as to how other planets are being formed

350

00:13:05,509 --> 00:13:02,629

you mentioned

351

00:13:08,069 --> 00:13:05,519

radiation and one of our questions had

352

00:13:15,990 --> 00:13:08,079

students have a question related to that

353

00:13:20,389 --> 00:13:18,389

hello my name is thomas thank you for

354

00:13:23,269 --> 00:13:20,399

taking my question

355

00:13:25,910 --> 00:13:23,279

are the astronauts exposed to any types

356

00:13:27,910 --> 00:13:25,920

of harmful radiation

357

00:13:31,190 --> 00:13:27,920

fall in outer space

358

00:13:32,949 --> 00:13:31,200

another good question so the uh vehicle

359

00:13:34,470 --> 00:13:32,959

itself the space yes there's lots of

360

00:13:37,030 --> 00:13:34,480

radiation out in space when you leave

361

00:13:39,269 --> 00:13:37,040

the earth's atmosphere quite certainly

362

00:13:41,509 --> 00:13:39,279

and so any vehicle or space suit that

363

00:13:43,910 --> 00:13:41,519

you create has to take that into account

364

00:13:44,949 --> 00:13:43,920

for crew health and so the space station

365

00:13:47,430 --> 00:13:44,959

itself

366

00:13:50,230 --> 00:13:47,440

is con consists of material that works

367

00:13:53,350 --> 00:13:50,240

to shield the crew against the harmful

368

00:13:55,509 --> 00:13:53,360

radiation effects and and then also in

369

00:13:57,750 --> 00:13:55,519

addition to the materials that are used

370

00:13:58,949 --> 00:13:57,760

we have a number of radiation detectors

371

00:14:00,870 --> 00:13:58,959

and a lot of different types of

372

00:14:02,470 --> 00:14:00,880

radiation detectors that are positioned

373

00:14:05,350 --> 00:14:02,480

all around the inside of the space

374

00:14:06,870 --> 00:14:05,360

station that can constantly tell us

375

00:14:08,870 --> 00:14:06,880

sends the signal down to the earth so

376

00:14:10,550 --> 00:14:08,880

the scientists are constantly evaluating

377

00:14:13,750 --> 00:14:10,560

the radiation amounts that the crew are

378

00:14:15,670 --> 00:14:13,760

being exposed to and so it's definitely

379

00:14:17,829 --> 00:14:15,680

a big health issue

380

00:14:19,030 --> 00:14:17,839

and it's very real and

381

00:14:20,710 --> 00:14:19,040

and definitely there are lots of

382

00:14:22,629 --> 00:14:20,720

measures in place to try to protect the

383

00:14:24,949 --> 00:14:22,639

crew from that kind of exposure

384

00:14:26,710 --> 00:14:24,959

but the space station being where it is

385

00:14:29,030 --> 00:14:26,720

it's only a few hundred miles off the

386

00:14:30,790 --> 00:14:29,040

surface so it's still kind of protected

387

00:14:33,509 --> 00:14:30,800

the thing that really protects us from

388

00:14:35,990 --> 00:14:33,519

radiation from the sun and intergalactic

389

00:14:37,430 --> 00:14:36,000

things is our magnetosphere so the

390

00:14:39,269 --> 00:14:37,440

station's still close enough that it's

391

00:14:41,030 --> 00:14:39,279

really protected by that but it's as

392

00:14:43,110 --> 00:14:41,040

soon as we decide to start going really

393

00:14:44,629 --> 00:14:43,120

far out like when we want to go to mars

394

00:14:47,509 --> 00:14:44,639

that are astronauts will be a lot more

395

00:14:48,870 --> 00:14:47,519

susceptible so we're developing new

396

00:14:50,949 --> 00:14:48,880

methods onboard the station for

397

00:14:52,870 --> 00:14:50,959

detecting and protecting

398

00:14:54,710 --> 00:14:52,880

and those will be really important as we

399

00:14:56,470 --> 00:14:54,720

start to move you know millions and

400

00:14:58,710 --> 00:14:56,480

millions of miles away from the earth

401  
00:15:01,350 --> 00:14:58,720  
yep

402  
00:15:03,269 --> 00:15:01,360  
thank you so much um just uh you're

403  
00:15:05,269 --> 00:15:03,279  
speaking about radiation do they wear

404  
00:15:09,509 --> 00:15:05,279  
sunscreen do they have to worry about

405  
00:15:12,470 --> 00:15:11,110  
i think that they actually have to i

406  
00:15:13,990 --> 00:15:12,480  
don't think they get that but they

407  
00:15:15,750 --> 00:15:14,000  
actually have to take vitamin d increase

408  
00:15:17,670 --> 00:15:15,760  
vitamin d doses

409  
00:15:19,590 --> 00:15:17,680  
but um i think their spacesuits and all

410  
00:15:20,710 --> 00:15:19,600  
that protect them enough

411  
00:15:22,310 --> 00:15:20,720  
yep

412  
00:15:25,030 --> 00:15:22,320  
okay

413  
00:15:27,269 --> 00:15:25,040

anna anna we have another student with a

414

00:15:28,629 --> 00:15:27,279

question about the experiences of

415

00:15:33,509 --> 00:15:28,639

gravity and

416

00:15:36,790 --> 00:15:35,350

hi my name is anna thank you for taking

417

00:15:38,550 --> 00:15:36,800

my question

418

00:15:40,710 --> 00:15:38,560

since the astronauts are experienced

419

00:15:43,590 --> 00:15:40,720

less gravity how does this affect their

420

00:15:45,110 --> 00:15:43,600

skeleton or bone mass oh yeah a really

421

00:15:47,509 --> 00:15:45,120

good question and that's that's the

422

00:15:49,350 --> 00:15:47,519

number one um thing that we need to work

423

00:15:52,470 --> 00:15:49,360

on if we're going to go beyond low earth

424

00:15:53,910 --> 00:15:52,480

orbit and stay for longer out in periods

425

00:15:55,749 --> 00:15:53,920

in space

426

00:15:57,509 --> 00:15:55,759

because you're not constantly working

427

00:15:59,910 --> 00:15:57,519

against the gravity environment think

428

00:16:02,389 --> 00:15:59,920

about all day you stand you sit you walk

429

00:16:04,949 --> 00:16:02,399

you climb up stairs you use your muscles

430

00:16:06,870 --> 00:16:04,959

to get you around and then in the

431

00:16:08,150 --> 00:16:06,880

microgravity environment really they're

432

00:16:09,829 --> 00:16:08,160

just kind of floating around and they

433

00:16:12,389 --> 00:16:09,839

can use their muscles to push off and

434

00:16:15,269 --> 00:16:12,399

get them where they need to go um and so

435

00:16:17,110 --> 00:16:15,279

definitely um there starts to be uh it's

436

00:16:18,470 --> 00:16:17,120

use it or lose it so you're you know if

437

00:16:20,389 --> 00:16:18,480

you've ever exercised and then you

438

00:16:21,910 --> 00:16:20,399

stopped you you probably can tell your

439

00:16:23,670 --> 00:16:21,920

muscles will start to

440

00:16:25,509 --> 00:16:23,680

to get smaller and it's the same with

441

00:16:26,710 --> 00:16:25,519

them they'll lose some muscle mass and

442

00:16:29,430 --> 00:16:26,720

they'll lose some

443

00:16:31,749 --> 00:16:29,440

bone mass but what they do

444

00:16:33,910 --> 00:16:31,759

on orbit what they're finding is as they

445

00:16:36,069 --> 00:16:33,920

keep up with their exercise well they

446

00:16:37,910 --> 00:16:36,079

have very high resistive exercise that

447

00:16:40,069 --> 00:16:37,920

they do it's similar to weightlifting

448

00:16:41,509 --> 00:16:40,079

they have cardiovascular exercise on the

449

00:16:43,350 --> 00:16:41,519

treadmill that they do and they also

450

00:16:45,590 --> 00:16:43,360

have a cycle ergometer up there which is

451

00:16:48,069 --> 00:16:45,600

a stationary bike and with the

452

00:16:49,990 --> 00:16:48,079

combination of those three and also

453

00:16:51,829 --> 00:16:50,000

eating the right kind of diets and fish

454

00:16:53,670 --> 00:16:51,839

is a big one because it's got omega-3

455

00:16:55,430 --> 00:16:53,680

fatty acid which helps

456

00:16:57,110 --> 00:16:55,440

preserve bone

457

00:16:58,949 --> 00:16:57,120

and if they eat all their calories which

458

00:17:01,509 --> 00:16:58,959

is important for energy and they take

459

00:17:02,389 --> 00:17:01,519

their vitamin d doses because they lack

460

00:17:06,069 --> 00:17:02,399

sun

461

00:17:08,150 --> 00:17:06,079

important for bone if they do all those

462

00:17:09,990 --> 00:17:08,160

things then they're shut what we're

463

00:17:13,189 --> 00:17:10,000

seeing is we're able to maintain the

464

00:17:16,150 --> 00:17:13,199

bone mass so we're the the crew seems to

465

00:17:18,069 --> 00:17:16,160

not be losing as much of bone mass and

466

00:17:19,590 --> 00:17:18,079

now one second thing we want to worry

467

00:17:21,990 --> 00:17:19,600

about with the bones is although we may

468

00:17:23,510 --> 00:17:22,000

be tainting bone mass in terms of

469

00:17:24,949 --> 00:17:23,520

minerals

470

00:17:26,630 --> 00:17:24,959

what about the strength we don't know

471

00:17:27,990 --> 00:17:26,640

much about the quality that's being

472

00:17:29,990 --> 00:17:28,000

maintained on the bone so there's

473

00:17:31,350 --> 00:17:30,000

actually a lot more research that needs

474

00:17:33,590 --> 00:17:31,360

to be done on what's going on on the

475

00:17:35,669 --> 00:17:33,600

inside of the bone so it's we're keeping

476

00:17:37,110 --> 00:17:35,679

the bone mass there but what you know

477

00:17:39,270 --> 00:17:37,120

what's the structure like on the inside

478

00:17:40,870 --> 00:17:39,280

of the bone is it fragile is it brittle

479

00:17:42,710 --> 00:17:40,880

because if it is then we could have

480

00:17:44,710 --> 00:17:42,720

issues with fracture and we don't want

481

00:17:46,390 --> 00:17:44,720

to see hip fractures or bone fractures

482

00:17:48,630 --> 00:17:46,400

if we get all the way out to

483

00:17:50,310 --> 00:17:48,640

mars or wherever we're headed

484

00:17:51,909 --> 00:17:50,320

you know we and we get back on something

485

00:17:54,070 --> 00:17:51,919

that's a terrestrial environment that

486

00:17:56,390 --> 00:17:54,080

has some gravity vector we want to make

487

00:17:57,350 --> 00:17:56,400

sure our bones are strong enough that we

488

00:17:59,990 --> 00:17:57,360

don't

489

00:18:01,510 --> 00:18:00,000

encounter breaks and fractures and want

490

00:18:03,669 --> 00:18:01,520

to make sure our muscles are strong

491

00:18:05,669 --> 00:18:03,679

enough to get us to to be able to move

492

00:18:07,909 --> 00:18:05,679

around and carry the weight of our space

493

00:18:10,549 --> 00:18:07,919

suit and and get us from point a to

494

00:18:12,710 --> 00:18:10,559

point b so bone and muscle in addition

495

00:18:14,230 --> 00:18:12,720

to radiation are the bigger biggest

496

00:18:17,270 --> 00:18:14,240

things that we need to overcome as

497

00:18:19,029 --> 00:18:17,280

humans and and learn and understand to

498

00:18:22,710 --> 00:18:19,039

be able to get us out past low earth

499

00:18:26,950 --> 00:18:24,789

wow thank you

500

00:18:29,270 --> 00:18:26,960

speaking of breaking things i have a

501  
00:18:31,190 --> 00:18:29,280  
question with a student with a question

502  
00:18:37,430 --> 00:18:31,200  
related to um

503  
00:18:40,549 --> 00:18:39,190  
hi my name is will thank you for taking

504  
00:18:42,710 --> 00:18:40,559  
my question

505  
00:18:45,510 --> 00:18:42,720  
what happens if the space station is hit

506  
00:18:47,909 --> 00:18:45,520  
by space debris ah well the right the

507  
00:18:48,630 --> 00:18:47,919  
first answer is always prevention right

508  
00:18:54,549 --> 00:18:48,640  
so

509  
00:18:57,510 --> 00:18:54,559  
things that we are always doing is

510  
00:18:59,830 --> 00:18:57,520  
looking out ahead at the at the patterns

511  
00:19:02,230 --> 00:18:59,840  
of of space debris that are approaching

512  
00:19:04,470 --> 00:19:02,240  
or near anywhere near the space station

513  
00:19:07,430 --> 00:19:04,480

and so um there's a whole group of

514

00:19:09,510 --> 00:19:07,440

people that that that's their only job

515

00:19:11,510 --> 00:19:09,520

and so if we see something that might be

516

00:19:13,590 --> 00:19:11,520

getting a little too close

517

00:19:14,789 --> 00:19:13,600

or something of something we want to

518

00:19:17,110 --> 00:19:14,799

watch

519

00:19:18,070 --> 00:19:17,120

then the teams on the ground here get

520

00:19:20,390 --> 00:19:18,080

together

521

00:19:22,630 --> 00:19:20,400

decide on whether the crew should be

522

00:19:24,630 --> 00:19:22,640

alerted and sometimes i believe we can

523

00:19:26,549 --> 00:19:24,640

do things to move the vehicle even right

524

00:19:28,390 --> 00:19:26,559

if we had to in extreme cases we have

525

00:19:30,070 --> 00:19:28,400

the ability to do things known as debris

526  
00:19:32,390 --> 00:19:30,080  
avoidance maneuvers where we'll have

527  
00:19:34,710 --> 00:19:32,400  
thrusters either on a spacecraft

528  
00:19:36,630 --> 00:19:34,720  
visiting the station that'll then be

529  
00:19:38,470 --> 00:19:36,640  
fired and they can actually raise the

530  
00:19:39,590 --> 00:19:38,480  
altitude and kind of get it up out of

531  
00:19:41,990 --> 00:19:39,600  
the way

532  
00:19:43,590 --> 00:19:42,000  
and i mean that's done for any object

533  
00:19:45,510 --> 00:19:43,600  
that we're able to track and we can

534  
00:19:47,590 --> 00:19:45,520  
track very small objects while they're

535  
00:19:49,990 --> 00:19:47,600  
in space but the other problem is there

536  
00:19:51,909 --> 00:19:50,000  
are a lot of very even smaller objects

537  
00:19:54,310 --> 00:19:51,919  
that we can't always track the station

538  
00:19:56,950 --> 00:19:54,320

will actually be you know hit by dust

539

00:19:58,789 --> 00:19:56,960

sized particles which may not seem like

540

00:20:00,549 --> 00:19:58,799

much but when you're traveling at the

541

00:20:02,470 --> 00:20:00,559

speeds you're traveling at they can

542

00:20:04,789 --> 00:20:02,480

leave marks they can leave dents they

543

00:20:06,710 --> 00:20:04,799

can actually damage the station if it

544

00:20:08,230 --> 00:20:06,720

were to actually be hit by something

545

00:20:10,230 --> 00:20:08,240

there are a number of procedures in

546

00:20:12,149 --> 00:20:10,240

place so the astronauts would always be

547

00:20:13,909 --> 00:20:12,159

safe they have spacecraft they could

548

00:20:16,470 --> 00:20:13,919

shelter in and come back down to earth

549

00:20:18,630 --> 00:20:16,480

immediately they can seal off different

550

00:20:21,029 --> 00:20:18,640

sections of the station with hatches so

551  
00:20:22,470 --> 00:20:21,039  
they are there are things in place that

552  
00:20:24,070 --> 00:20:22,480  
should that ever happen and we don't

553  
00:20:28,390 --> 00:20:24,080  
catch it and maneuver out of the way in

554  
00:20:35,270 --> 00:20:31,350  
wow great so there's no chance of being

555  
00:20:37,029 --> 00:20:35,280  
hit by a uh orbiting planet

556  
00:20:39,110 --> 00:20:37,039  
it's too big

557  
00:20:41,669 --> 00:20:39,120  
we see that one coming

558  
00:20:43,990 --> 00:20:41,679  
okay okay go ahead we have a question

559  
00:20:46,870 --> 00:20:44,000  
related to uh planets

560  
00:20:48,789 --> 00:20:46,880  
hi my name is caitlin and thank you for

561  
00:20:50,789 --> 00:20:48,799  
taking my question

562  
00:20:53,430 --> 00:20:50,799  
are the astronauts able to see the

563  
00:20:55,750 --> 00:20:53,440

planets from the space station

564

00:20:58,470 --> 00:20:55,760

oh that is a good question

565

00:21:00,710 --> 00:20:58,480

you know i i don't think so

566

00:21:02,310 --> 00:21:00,720

they are every once in a while um we

567

00:21:03,909 --> 00:21:02,320

actually i don't know if you guys

568

00:21:04,870 --> 00:21:03,919

followed when we did the big transit of

569

00:21:06,310 --> 00:21:04,880

venus

570

00:21:08,549 --> 00:21:06,320

a couple of months back but one of our

571

00:21:10,390 --> 00:21:08,559

astronauts was actually able to you know

572

00:21:12,390 --> 00:21:10,400

take photographs and that was as venus

573

00:21:14,390 --> 00:21:12,400

was crossing right in front of the sun

574

00:21:16,630 --> 00:21:14,400

and we were able to see venus very well

575

00:21:18,870 --> 00:21:16,640

through telescopes all over the planet

576

00:21:21,029 --> 00:21:18,880

but our astronauts are able to see and

577

00:21:22,870 --> 00:21:21,039

they can see them generally like you and

578

00:21:24,630 --> 00:21:22,880

i can see them because again

579

00:21:26,470 --> 00:21:24,640

they are in space but they're only a few

580

00:21:28,710 --> 00:21:26,480

hundred miles away and when you talk

581

00:21:30,950 --> 00:21:28,720

about planets they're tens and hundreds

582

00:21:32,789 --> 00:21:30,960

and millions of miles away so anything

583

00:21:34,870 --> 00:21:32,799

that they could see is really what you

584

00:21:36,789 --> 00:21:34,880

can see down here maybe just a little

585

00:21:39,190 --> 00:21:36,799

bit clearer

586

00:21:44,070 --> 00:21:39,200

that's a good question okay interesting

587

00:21:47,669 --> 00:21:46,230

hi my name is sequoia and thank you for

588

00:21:49,510 --> 00:21:47,679

taking my question

589

00:21:51,430 --> 00:21:49,520

what are some of the new planets

590

00:21:53,190 --> 00:21:51,440

recently discovered

591

00:21:53,990 --> 00:21:53,200

oh yeah that's a good question now i

592

00:21:55,669 --> 00:21:54,000

read

593

00:21:58,470 --> 00:21:55,679

something that came out just yesterday

594

00:22:00,789 --> 00:21:58,480

from nasa's kepler telescope mission

595

00:22:02,310 --> 00:22:00,799

and um so if you're interested in how

596

00:22:03,990 --> 00:22:02,320

we're discovering new planets i would

597

00:22:06,870 --> 00:22:04,000

check out the kepler

598

00:22:09,590 --> 00:22:06,880

mission site uh it seems like um

599

00:22:11,430 --> 00:22:09,600

kepler's been running since i think 2009

600

00:22:13,350 --> 00:22:11,440

and so its sole job is to look for

601  
00:22:14,870 --> 00:22:13,360  
potential new planets or candidate

602  
00:22:17,990 --> 00:22:14,880  
planets and

603  
00:22:20,549 --> 00:22:18,000  
and i believe um yesterday came out

604  
00:22:23,830 --> 00:22:20,559  
saying that there had been about 461

605  
00:22:26,310 --> 00:22:23,840  
potential new planet planet candidates

606  
00:22:28,870 --> 00:22:26,320  
discovered and i think of of all of

607  
00:22:30,710 --> 00:22:28,880  
those lately um four of those are in

608  
00:22:31,430 --> 00:22:30,720  
what are called the habitable zone or

609  
00:22:33,590 --> 00:22:31,440  
they're

610  
00:22:35,510 --> 00:22:33,600  
all near the roughly this a little bit

611  
00:22:37,350 --> 00:22:35,520  
bigger than earth but also um have the

612  
00:22:40,470 --> 00:22:37,360  
potential to have water on the on the

613  
00:22:42,470 --> 00:22:40,480

surface so um so that was really neat

614

00:22:43,750 --> 00:22:42,480

when i read that and um and so you

615

00:22:46,549 --> 00:22:43,760

should definitely check out the kepler

616

00:22:47,909 --> 00:22:46,559

telescope mission site

617

00:22:49,190 --> 00:22:47,919

and now we have time for

618

00:22:51,590 --> 00:22:49,200

questions

619

00:22:53,029 --> 00:22:51,600

okay go ahead we have one related to

620

00:22:55,830 --> 00:22:53,039

that um

621

00:22:57,110 --> 00:22:55,840

about new planet discovery

622

00:22:59,270 --> 00:22:57,120

hi my name is

623

00:23:01,029 --> 00:22:59,280

thank you for taking my question

624

00:23:03,909 --> 00:23:01,039

which planet looks to be the most

625

00:23:05,669 --> 00:23:03,919

promising for human habitation

626

00:23:08,470 --> 00:23:05,679

as of right now i'd have to say mars

627

00:23:09,909 --> 00:23:08,480

would you i would agree i mean when

628

00:23:12,630 --> 00:23:09,919

you're talking about the planets in our

629

00:23:14,630 --> 00:23:12,640

solar system the closest ones

630

00:23:16,230 --> 00:23:14,640

if you're going to inhabit a planet with

631

00:23:18,470 --> 00:23:16,240

humans it's got to be a solid planet

632

00:23:21,029 --> 00:23:18,480

like ours the only ones that fit that

633

00:23:22,470 --> 00:23:21,039

are the ones in our immediate area the

634

00:23:24,390 --> 00:23:22,480

issues with the other ones you know

635

00:23:26,950 --> 00:23:24,400

mercury you're much too close to the sun

636

00:23:28,870 --> 00:23:26,960

it's very far away it's a lot smaller it

637

00:23:30,230 --> 00:23:28,880

doesn't really offer everything an

638

00:23:31,190 --> 00:23:30,240

atmosphere things like that that we

639

00:23:33,590 --> 00:23:31,200

would need

640

00:23:35,590 --> 00:23:33,600

venus is the exact opposite it has such

641

00:23:37,590 --> 00:23:35,600

a huge atmosphere and so much pressure

642

00:23:39,750 --> 00:23:37,600

that if you were to stand on the surface

643

00:23:41,590 --> 00:23:39,760

of venus you would literally be crushed

644

00:23:44,149 --> 00:23:41,600

and so we couldn't really inhabit that

645

00:23:46,549 --> 00:23:44,159

one but mars is basically kind of a

646

00:23:48,549 --> 00:23:46,559

miniature earth it doesn't have nearly

647

00:23:50,470 --> 00:23:48,559

the atmosphere it's very small

648

00:23:51,750 --> 00:23:50,480

atmosphere compared to us and it doesn't

649

00:23:53,830 --> 00:23:51,760

quite offer the same radiation

650

00:23:55,990 --> 00:23:53,840

protection but it's close enough and

651  
00:23:57,909 --> 00:23:56,000  
like us enough that we could that would

652  
00:24:00,230 --> 00:23:57,919  
be our best candidate to

653  
00:24:01,669 --> 00:24:00,240  
go and inhabit

654  
00:24:03,750 --> 00:24:01,679  
but really good question i think that's

655  
00:24:05,590 --> 00:24:03,760  
all the time that we have for today but

656  
00:24:08,149 --> 00:24:05,600  
i really want to thank you guys for some

657  
00:24:09,350 --> 00:24:08,159  
pretty awesome questions today i hope

658  
00:24:11,029 --> 00:24:09,360  
you enjoy your time here in mission

659  
00:24:12,470 --> 00:24:11,039  
control with us and

660  
00:24:14,149 --> 00:24:12,480  
maybe we'll hear from you guys again

661  
00:24:16,630 --> 00:24:14,159  
soon